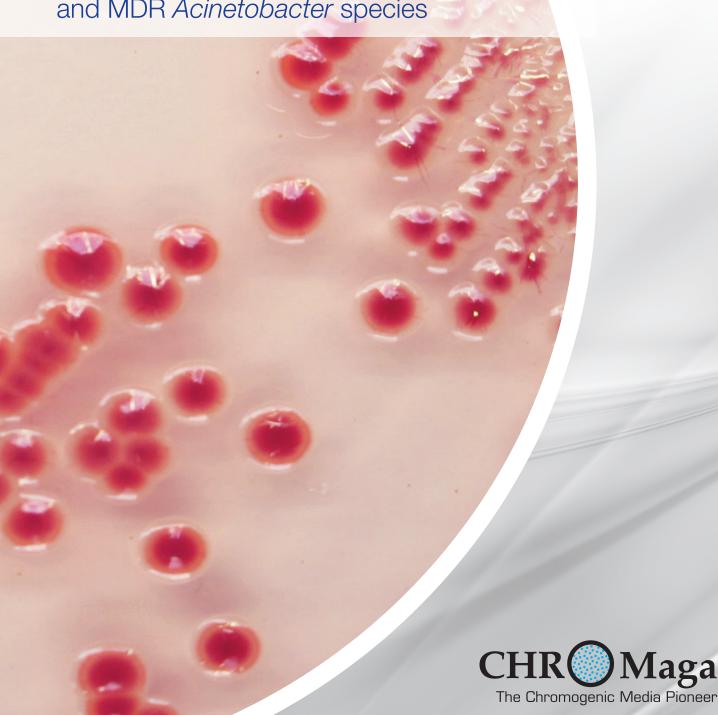


Mast Group

For detection of Acinetobacter and MDR Acinetobacter species





# ● CHROMagar<sup>™</sup> Acinetobacter



#### **Plate Reading**

For detection of Acinetobacter spp.:

- Acinetobacter spp.
- $\rightarrow$  red
- Other gram (-)
- → blue or mostly inhibited
- Gram(+) bacteria and yeasts
- → inhibited

For detection of MDR *Acinetobacter* spp. (if using the optional supplement CR102):

- MDR Acinetobacter
- $\rightarrow$  red
- Non-MDR Acinetobacter
- $\rightarrow$  inhibited





## Manufacturer:

CHROMagar 4 place du 18 juin 1940 75006 Paris - France e-mail: CHROMagar@CHROMagar.com

www.CHROMagar.com

**Distributed by:**Mast Diagnostica GmbH
Feldstraße 20
DE-23858 Reinfeld

Tel: +49 (0)4533 2007 0 Fax: +49 (0)4533 2007 68 e-mail: mast@mast-diagnostica.de www.mast-group.com

## For detection of *Acinetobacter* and MDR *Acinetobacter* spp.

### **Background**

Common bacteria widely spread in the nature, *Acinetobacter* has the capacity to survive in dry as well as moist environments. It becomes a source of infection in hospital environment when colonizing medical equipments, human skin and sometimes foodstuff. *Acinetobacter* species are generally not pathogenic for healthy people but are life threatening in compromised patients. It is often isolated in nosocomial infections cases, intensive care units, and can for instance cause nosocomial pneumonia, bacteraemia, and meningitis.

Especially, *Acinetobacter baumannii* is becoming a major hospital-acquired infection issue because of its often multi-drug resistance (MDR: resistance to C3G, quinolones, carbapenems etc.). This contributes to the increase of morbidity and mortality.

Active surveillance is necessary to control its spread in the facilities, to reduce the risk of cross-contamination, and to identify the carriers. Rapid identification of patients that are colonized with *Acinetobacter* would lead to infection control practices aimed at preventing spread of the organisms.

#### **Medium Performance**

- One unique red colour: Detection of *A. baumannii* from traditional culture media might be a difficult and tedious task due to the abundance of background flora found in collected specimens, especially when using media based on differentiation by the lactose/non-lactose fermentation ability. To overcome these difficulties, CHROMagar<sup>TM</sup> Acinetobacter was designed as a highly selective medium, allowing the growth of *Acinetobacter* in conspiciously red colonies, after overnight incubation.
- FIRST chromogenic medium for Acinetobacter detection.
- **Screening of MDR** *Acinetobacter*: This medium can be supplemented to enhance MDR specificity allowing the growth of carbapenem-resistant strains.

## **Medium Description**

Powder Base	Total32.8 g/L Agar15.0
	Peptones and yeast extract
	Chromogenic mix
Supplement	Growth and regulator factors
CHROMagar™ MDR Supplement: CR102	Selective mix

Usual Samples	Stools, urine, wounds, nasal and rectal specimens.
Procedure	Direct Streaking. Incubation 18-24 h at 35-37 °C Aerobic conditions.

Scientific Publications on this product: available on www.CHROMagar.com Please read carefully the instructions for use (IFU document) available on www.CHROMagar.com

#### **Ordering Information**

Product	Order Code
CHROMagar™ Acinetobacter dry media, 5 liter	15AC092
CHROMagar™ Acinetobacter ready to use plates, 20 pcs.	201481